

African Genomic Medicine Portal

Tutorial



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Introduction

The African Genomic Medicine Portal (AGMP) functions as a curated resource for researchers around the world who are conducting genomics research on African and African-ancestry populations. The portal may also be useful for individuals working in the health sector, such as healthcare workers, pharmacists, and policymakers, though it was designed as a research tool and should not be used for clinical decisions. The portal functions as a gateway to data relevant for African genomic medicine research, including pharmacogenomics and clinical/disease research, accessing, and providing African-specific data from existing resources an easily accessible manner.

AGMP retrieves and curates data from various resources. The current release contains data from PharmGKB and DisGeNET

This tutorial provides a step by step guide to searching data in the Portal.



Search:

Access AGMP using the following link: <u>https://agmp.h3abionet.org/</u>. On this page, four main data categories will be displayed: Disease, Drug, Variant, and Gene, as illustrated Figure 1.



Figure 1. AGMP search page.

2. A user may search based on their preferred data category by selecting the corresponding data category logo (Disease, Drug, Variant or Gene), as illustrated in **Figure 2A-D. Results are customized according to the data category** selected.



Figure 2. A) Disease category selected; B) Drug category selected; C) Variant category selected; D) Gene category selected.

3. Enter a search term into the search box and select *Search*. Matching results will appear below the text box, as illustrated in **Figure 3A-D**.





Figure 3. A) Disease result; B) Drug result; C) Variant result; D) Gene result.

Results:

NB: Results are discussed by the data search category selected during **Search**.

1. Disease Results:

- 1.1. When searching by a disease, a list of relevant results appears below the search box. To proceed to complete results, select the "For variant-disease associations click here" button, as illustrated in **Figure 3A**.
- 1.2. As illustrated in **Figure 4**, the results page will contain a list of variant-disease associations. Table contents are described in **Table 1**.

Variant Disease associations								
Сору	CSV Exe	el Print		Search:				
Variant 🔺	Disease	Gene (Significance	Country	Studies 0			
rs10192428	Malaria	SPATA3	0.00000051	The Gambia	Genome-wide and fine-resolution association analysis of malaria in West Africa.			
rs1046089	Malaria	PRRC2A	< 0.0001	The Gambia	A genetic association study in the Gambia using tagging polymorphisms in the major histocompatibility complex class III region implicates A ILA-8 associated transcript 2 polymorphism in severe malaria susceptibility.			
rs10900585	Malaria	ATP284	0.0000000061	Ghana	Genome-wide association study indicates two novel resistance loci for severe malaria.			
rs10900585	Malaria	ATP284	0.0052	Ghana	Genome-wide association study indicates two novel resistance loci for severe malaria.			
rs11335470	Malaria	LINC00944	0.0000904	Tanzania	Novel genetic polymorphisms associated with severe malaria and under selective pressure in North-eastern Tanzania.			
rs114169033	Malaria	FRG1-DT	0.000000562	Tanzania	Novel genetic polymorphisms associated with severe malaria and under selective pressure in North-eastern Tanzania.			
rs12405994	Malaria	AC092813.1	0.00000082	The Gambia	Genome-wide and fine-resolution association analysis of malaria in West Africa.			
rs12788102	Malaria	MMP26	< 0.001	The Gambia, Kenya, Malawi	Imputation-based meta-analysis of severe malaria in three African populations.			
rs12788102	Malaria	OR51F1	< 0.001	The Gambia, Kenya, Malawi	Imputation-based meta-analysis of severe malaria in three African populations.			
rs12789492	Malaria	MMP26	< 0.001	The Gambia, Kenya, Malawi	Imputation-based meta-analysis of severe malaria in three African populations.			

Figure 4. Tabulated Disease result.



Variant	The genetic variants which have been associated with
	the disease of interest.
Disease	The disease of interest entered in the search box.
Gene	The gene in which the variant is located.
Significance	The p-value observed for the association in the given
	study.
Country	The country of origin of the research participants.
Studies	The study associated with the result.

Table 1. Descriptions of Disease results column headers.

2. Drug Results:

- 2.1. When searching by a drug, a list of relevant results appears below the search box. To proceed to complete results, select the "For variant-drug associations click here" button, as illustrated in **Figure 3B**.
- 2.2. As illustrated in **Figure 5**, the results page will contain a list of variant-drug associations. Table contents are described in **Table 2**.

Varian	ıt Dru	g as:	sociatio	ns	
Сору	CSV E	ixcel	Print		Search:
Variant 🔺	Gene	Drug ()	Significance	Country	Studies
rs1057910	CYP2C9	warfarin	< 0.001	USA	Genetic and clinical predictors of warfarin dose requirements in African Americans.
rs1057910	CYP2C9	warfarin	0.0004	Egypt	Genetic and nongenetic factors associated with warfarin dose requirements in Egyptian patients.
rs12714145	GGCX	warfarin	0.24	Egypt	Impact of GOCX, STX1B and FPGS Polymorphisms on Warfarin Dose Requirements in European-Americans and Egyptians.
rs12777823	CYP2C18	warfarin	ambiguous	USA.	Influence of common and rare genetic variation on warfatin dose among African-Americans and European-Americans using the exome array.
rs17880887	VKORC1	warfarin	0.119	USA	Genetic and clinical predictors of warfarin dose requirements in African Americans.
rs1799853	CYP2C9	warfarin	< 0.001	USA	Genetic and clinical predictors of warfarin dose requirements in African Americans.
rs1799853	CYP2C9	warfarin	0.0004	Egypt	Genetic and nongenetic factors associated with warfarin dose requirements in Egyptian patients.
rs202201137	CYP2C9	warfarin		Puerto Rico	CVP2C9+61, a rare missense variant identified in a Puerto Rican patient with low warfarin dose requirements.
rs2108622	CYP4F2	warfarin		USA	Genetic and clinical predictors of warfarin dose requirements in African Americans.
rs2108622	CYP4F2	warfarin	0.31	Egypt	Genetic and nongenetic factors associated with warfarin dose requirements in Egyptian patients.
Showing 1 to	o 10 of 49	entries			Previous 1 2 3 4 5 Next

Figure 5. Tabulated Drug result.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Variant	The genetic variants which have been associated with
	the drug of interest.
Drug	The drug of interest entered in the search box.
Gene	The gene in which the variant is located.
Significance	The p-value observed for the association in the given
	study.
Country	The country of origin of the research participants.
Studies	The study associated with the result.

3. Variant Results:

3.1. When searching by a variant, a list of relevant results appears below the search box. To proceed to complete results, select either the "For variant-



disease associations click here" or the "For variant-drug associations click here" button, as illustrated in **Figure 3C**.

3.2. Based on the selected button, the results page will contain a list of either variant-disease or variant-drug associations, as illustrated in Figure 4 and
5. Table contents are described in Table 3.

Table 5. Descript	ions of variant results column neaders.
rsID	The genetic variant of interest entered in the search
	box.
Disease	The diseases associated with the variant of interest.
Drug	The drugs associated with the variant of interest.
Gene	The gene in which the variant of interest is located.
Significance	The p-value observed for the association in the given
	study.
Country	The country of origin of the research participants.
Studies	The study associated with the result.

Table 3. Descriptions of Variant results column headers

- 4. Gene Results:
- 4.1. When searching by a gene, a list of relevant results appears below the search box. To proceed to complete results, select the "For gene associations click here", as illustrated in **Figure 3D**.
- 4.2. As illustrated in Figure 6A-B, the results page will contain a description section (6A), a Pharmacogenomics Associations section (6A) and a Disease Associations section (6B). Table contents are described in Table 4.

Gene Name COMT								
Uniprot ID P21964								
Function Catalyzes th shortens the biologica	e O-methylation, a al half-lives of certa	nd thereby the inactiv ain neuroactive drugs	vation, of catecholi , like L-DOPA, alph	imine neuro a-methyl DC	otransmitters)PA and isopr	and catechol hormor oterenol.	ies. Also	
Pharmacoge	enomics A	ssociations						
SNPs								
Copy CSV	Excel Print					Search:		
rs ID * Genoty	ype Drug	Description		P- value	Study	Regions	Countries	
rs4680 G	morphine	Allele G is not asso of morphine in peo compared to allele	ciated with dose ple with Pain as A.	0.2928	29259946	North African	Tunisia	
rs737865 AA	bupropion	Genotype AA is ass decreased respons smokers as compa AG + GG.	e to bupropion in ired to genotypes	0.05	16876132	African American/Afro- Caribbean	USA	
Showing 1 to 2 of 2 er	ntries					Previous	1 Next	
Star notation *	Genotype	Drug Descripti	on P-value	Study	y Regio	ns 🕴 Country of	Participants 0	
		N	o data available in	table				
Showing 0 to 0 of 0 er	ntries sociations					Pn	evious Next	
Copy CSV	Excel Print					Search:		
	Disesse	P-value	Study	Region	16 0	Country of Partici	pants 0	
rs ID 🔺								
rs ID *	Schizophrenia	< 0.05	22521161	North A	frican	Egypt		

Figure 6. Gene result page.



	Table 4. De	scriptions (of Gene	results	column	header
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Variant	The genetic variants located in the gene which have
	been studied in African populations
Genotype	The genotype of a genetic variant associated with a
51	given drug association.
Drug	The drug associated with genetic variant.
Description	A description of the drug association.
P-value	The p-value observed for a given association.
Study	The PMID associated with the associated study.
Regions	The region(s) from which the research participants
-	originate.
Country of	The Country(ies) from which the research participants
Participants	originate.
Disease	The disease associated with genetic variant.

4.3. Using the task bars found in each table, the user can access different information on either the disease, drug, variant or gene. Table 1 provides an overview of the different types of information found.

Other Resources

1. When clicking on the **Summary** tab, a summary of the Total Number of Genes, Drugs, Diseases and Variants, included in the portal, is provided. The locations fromwhere the data is derived is also illustrated in a user-friendly map.

H3ABioNet		African Ger	nomic Medicine Portal	
🕚 Home				About Summary Resources Help
	66	Sum	nmary	
			Data Summary	
Data S Map S	Summary Summary	Category	Total Number	
		GENES	561	
		DRUGS	79	
		DISEASES	416	
		VARIANTS	2320	
			Map Summary	
		+		8

Figure 4: Summary tab.

2. When clicking on the Resources tab, a list of additional H3ABioNet and relevant



external resources are provided, these include: Databases; Tools & Pipelines; and Online Courses.



Figure 5: Resources tab.